

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Paint Creek Independent School District Name of School District	Haskell County	
3. 33.133. 2.134.131	Country	Journey District Humber
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached a district were reviewed and (check one)	annual financial repo	orts of the above-named school disapproved for the year ended
August 31, 2019, at a meeting of the Board of	Trustees of such sch	nool district on the 18th day of
November, 2019.		
Signature of Board President	Signature of	ie Pauliton Board Secretary

If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it (are): (Attach list as necessary)

James E. Rodgers and Company, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

20 Southwest Third Street • PO Box 669 • Hamlin, Texas 79520 • Tel: 325-576-2356 • Fax: 325-576-3525 E-mail: rodgerscpa@att.net

Member of Texas Society of CPA's and American Institute of CPA's

Richard E. Rodgers CPA • Gerald L. Rodgers CPA

November 18, 2019

Report on Financial Statements Issued in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards and Accompanied by Required Supplementary Information, Supplementary Information, and Other Information

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Paint Creek Independent School District Haskell, Texas 79521

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Paint Creek Independent School District (the District) as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Paint Creek Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



James E. Rodgers and Company, P.C.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Paint Creek Independent School District, as of August 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in notes to the financial statements, in the prior fiscal year, the District adopted new accounting guidance prescribed by GASB 75 for its other post-employment benefit plan (OPEB), a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, health insurance plan for retirees that has a special funding situation. Because GASB 75 implements new measurement criteria and reporting provisions, significant information has again been included in the Government Wide Statements. Exhibit A-1 discloses the District's OPEB liability and some deferred resource outflows and deferred resource inflows related to the District's OPEB plan. Exhibit B-1 includes adjustments to the District's OPEB expense. Our opinion is not modified with respect to the matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and GASB 68 and 75 schedules for pension and OPEB liabilities and contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Paint Creek Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, and the Texas Education Agency required information in conformity with laws and regulations of the State of Texas in Exhibits J-1 through J-3, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and the Texas Education Agency required information in conformity with laws and regulations of the state of Texas in Exhibits J-1 through J-3 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and the Texas Education Agency required information are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

James E. Rodgers and Company, P.C.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on this section.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2019, on our consideration of the Paint Creek Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Paint Creek Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Paint Creek Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

James E. Redges + Company

James E. Rodgers and Company, P.C.



Paint Creek Independent School District

4485 F M 600 Haskell, Texas 79521

Cheryl Floyd, Ed. D. Superintendent Phone 940.864.2868 Roy Gardner Principal Fax 940.863.0069

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the administration of **Paint Creek Independent School District**, discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditor's report and the District's Basic Financial Statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Highlights of Current Fiscal Year Finances	
Government Wide Total Net Position at the End of the Year	\$ 3,380,771
Government Wide Revenues for the Current Fiscal Year	3,048,885
Government Wide Expenses for the Current Fiscal Year	2,566,214
Fund Balance in the General Fund at the End of Year	2,510,038

Changes in the Government Wide Finances from the Previous Fiscal Year

		Increase (Dec	crease)
		\$	%
Change in Net Position:			
Change in the Government Wide Total Net Position	\$	482,671	16.65%
Revenue Changes:	·		
Change in the Government Wide Total Revenues	\$	(1,001,771)	-24.73%
Change in the Government Wide Property Tax Revenues		(304,271)	-12.17%
Change in the Government Wide State Aid Formula Grants		(154,499)	-50.99%
Change in Operating Grants and Contributions	3	180,584	82.16%
Expense Changes:	-		
Change in the Government Wide Total Expenses	\$	201,457	8.52%
Other Information:	53		
Change in General Fund Balance	\$	27,448	1.11%
Excess (Deficit) of Actual Revenue over Budgeted Revenue	5 <u></u>	161,715	8.77%

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to that of a private sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the two reported a *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods such as uncollected property tax and earned but unused sick and vacation leave.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and user fees & charges (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include the education of District students and the programs necessary to support such education.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains numerous individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund as it is considered a major fund. Data from the other funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. Supplementary budgetary comparison schedules have also been prepared for the Child Nutrition and Debt Service Fund and are included in the other supplementary information section of this report.

Proprietary funds. The District maintains proprietary funds. An internal service fund is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses this internal service fund to account for its workers compensation self-insurance program. Internal service funds are generally considered a governmental activity and are included in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs. The District maintains student activity accounts as fiduciary funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. In addition, certain information required by the Texas Education Agency and the federal government regarding tax collection and grant expenditures is also presented along with required supplementary information related to the District's contributions to a cost-sharing pension plan with the Teacher Retirement System of Texas

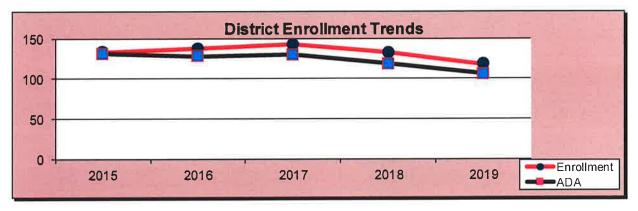
DISTRICT FINANCES

District operations are primarily funded from local property tax revenue and funding from the State of Texas under the foundation school program that provides funding to all public school districts in the State of Texas.

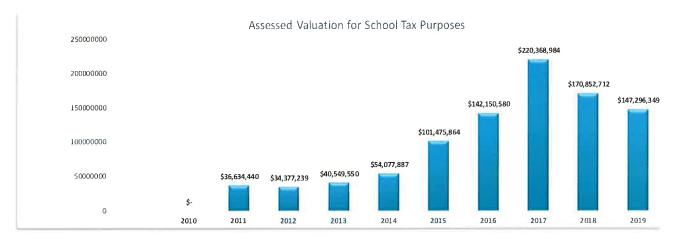
State funding in Texas is based upon the District's average daily attendance, thus the District's state revenue is highly dependent on enrollment trends. The District receives additional weighted funding for students enrolled in career and technology coursework, gifted and talented, special education, bilingual, and compensatory education programs. The demographics of the District continually change having an immediate impact on school finances. The following chart details the enrollment trends of the District.

ENROLLMENT TRENDS

Year	Enrollment	ADA	
2015	133	131.0	====
2016	137	128.1	
2017	142	129.8	
2018	132	118.3	
2019	118	106.0	



The ability of the District to assess and generate property tax revenue depends on the valuation of property within the physical boundaries of the District. Following is a history of property valuation for tax purposes.



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following table indicates the net position at the end of the prior fiscal year and the current fiscal year.

Table I Net Position												Villa I
		Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Totals			
		2018		2019		2018	Į,	2019		2018		2019
Current and other assets	\$	2,925,367	\$	2,767,727	\$	74	\$	9	\$	2,925,367	\$	2,767,727
Capital assets		5,515,598		5,658,671		84		546		5,515,598		5,658,671
Deferred outflow of resources		185,199		355,495		37=0		-		185,199		355,495
Total assets & deferred outflows	\$	8,626,164	\$	8,781,893	\$		\$		\$	8,626,164	\$	8,781,893
Long-term liabilities	\$	4,401,825	\$	3,849,885	\$	7#3	\$	/#:	\$	4,401,825	\$	3,849,885
Other current liabilities		89,048		97,252		0.00				89,048		97,252
Net pension liability		272,252		456,875		(*)		i# (272,252		456,875
Net OPEB liability		650,996		663,567		: E				650,996		663,567
Deferred inflow of resources		313,943		333,543						313,943		333,543
Total liabilities & deferred inflows	\$	5,728,064	\$	5,401,122	\$		\$		\$	5,728,064	\$	5,401,122
Net Position:												
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	1,132,303	\$	1,825,620	\$: :::	\$		\$	1,132,303	\$	1,825,620
Restricted		306,222		124,248		2.00		3 4 9		306,222		124,248
Unrestricted		1,459,575		1,430,903		-				1,459,575		1,430,903
Total net position	\$	2,898,100	\$	3,380,771	\$	¥"	\$	- 17 J	\$	2,898,100	\$	3,380,771

The following table indicates the changes in net position for the current and prior fiscal years,

Table II														
	Changes in Net Position Governmental Business-Type													
		Activ			Activities					Tot	als			
		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		
Program Revenues:														
Charges for Services	\$	28,238	\$	16,326	\$	0,€0	\$	· ·	\$	28,238	\$	16,326		
Operating grants & contributions		219,808		400,392		10 m 2		-		219,808		400,392		
Effect of GASB 75 Negative Accrual		(302,615)		S.#.		8.0				(302,615)				
General Revenues:														
Maintenance & operations taxes		1,790,098		1,577,100		3.				1,790,098		1,577,100		
Debt service taxes		709,915		618,642		-		74		709,915		618,642		
State aid - formula grants		303,002		148,503		925				303,002		148,503		
Grants and contributions not														
restricted to specific functions		735		466		(m)		-		735		466		
Investment earnings		100,857		71,186				0.00		100,857		71,186		
Miscellaneous		1,200,618		216,270		0.00				1,200,618		216,270		
Total Revenues	\$	4,050,656	\$	3,048,885	\$	K = 7	\$		\$	4,050,656	\$	3,048,885		
Expenses														
Instruction, curriculum &														
media services	\$	752,304	\$	1,127,353	\$	9₩3	\$	(⊕)	\$	752,304	\$	1,127,353		
Instructional & school leadership		69,636		107,930		: e		75		69,636		107,930		
Student support services		126,187		140,477		3.00		3.5		126,187		140,477		
Food services		104,177		137,534		(*				104,177		137,534		
Extracurricular activities		68,753		107,704		1.0) = :		68,753		107,704		
General administration &														
data processing		247,279		344,912		-		-		247,279		344,912		
Plant maintenance & security		244,432		276,053		345		100		244,432		276,053		
Interest/Fees on long term debt		200,017		94,991				0₩		200,017		94,991		
Other business-type activities &														
intergovernmental		551,972		229,260		;±:		0)=0		551,972		229,260		
Total Expenses	\$	2,364,757	\$	2,566,214	\$		\$		\$	2,364,757	\$	2,566,214		
Increase in Net Position before														
transfers and special items	\$	1,685,899	\$	482,671	\$		\$	72	\$	1,685,899	\$	482,671		
GASB 75 OPEB Reporting Change		(1,141,537)		900		723				(1,141,537)		¥.		
Net position at 9/1		2,353,738		2,898,100				0(#)		2,353,738		2,898,100		
Total Net Position	\$	2,898,100	\$	3,380,771	\$		\$		\$	2,898,100	\$	3,380,771		

Analysis of Change in Government Wide Net Position:	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures for Governmental Funds	\$ (176,995)
Current Year Purchases of Capital Assets	334,775
Current Year Debt Principal Payments	568,098
Depreciation	(191,702)
Reclassification of debt proceeds as increase in debt	-
Other Modified to Full Accrual Revenue Adjustments	(5,007)
Net Adjustment to Pension Expense per GASB 68	(50,377)
Net Adjustments for OPEB Plan required by GASB 75	3,879
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 482,671

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

A financial summary of the District's funds for the current year is as follows:

General Fund Revenues \$ 2,152,83 Expenditures (2,154,38 Other Financing Sources 55,76 Other Financing Uses (26,76 Net Change in Fund Balance \$ 27,44 Beginning Fund Balance 2,482,59		Special Revenue Funds 189,073 (213,693)	\$		\$ Capital Projects Fund 4,921	\$	Total 2,972,234
Revenues \$ 2,152,83 Expenditures (2,154,38 Other Financing Sources 55,76 Other Financing Uses (26,76 Net Change in Fund Balance \$ 27,44		189,073		625,409	Fund	\$	
Expenditures (2,154,38) Other Financing Sources 55,76 Other Financing Uses (26,76) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ 27,44					\$ 4,921	\$	2 972 234
Other Financing Sources 55,76 Other Financing Uses (26,76 Net Change in Fund Balance \$ 27,44	34)	(213,693)		(FOF (FO)			2,712,234
Other Financing Uses (26,76) Net Change in Fund Balance \$ 27,44				(535,670)	(301,247)		(3,204,994)
Net Change in Fund Balance \$ 27,44	55	26,764					82,529
	(4)	Z - 7	500	-		45	(26,764)
Beginning Fund Balance 2,482,59	8 \$	2,144	\$	89,739	\$ (296,326)	\$	(176,995)
	0	1 × -1	d	27,043	296,326		2,805,959
Ending Fund Balance All Governmental Funds \$ 2,510,03		2,144	\$	116,782	\$ _	\$	2,628,964

The District did modify its budget during the year resulting in a net increase from the original adopted budget to the final amended budget. None on the amendments were considered significant.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. This year's major additions and the net change in total capital assets are as follows:

Building Completion	\$	223,693
Fence		24,000
Restroom Remodel		20,000
2016 BlueBird Bus		55,765
Door Security		11,317
TOTAL I	ф	224.775
TOTAL	\$	334,775
Total Additions	\$	334,775
Total Deletions		
Net Change	\$	334,775

<u>Debt</u>The District's outstanding long-term debt as of the end of the current fiscal year is as follows:

	Interest Rate on Issue	Amounts Original Issue	Interest Current Year	Outstanding End of Year	Next Year's Total Principal and Interest Requirement
Series 2007 Lease Revenue Bonds	3.25%	497,320	14,285	305,787	45,140
Series 2007 Lease Revenue Bonds	3.25%	497,320	14,264	315,757	46,489
Series 2011 Lease Revenue Bonds	4.35%	218,973	8,459	160,354	15,888
Series 2017 Tax School Bonds	2.00-3.00%	3,530,000	90,450	2,490,000	451,350
2018 Blue Bird Bus Lease	2.99%	90,604	1,643	38,017	19,604
2016 Santander Bus Lease	3.80%	55,765	-	41,034	14,731
2011 Qualified School Construction					
Bond (QSCB) Tax Note	1.45%	510,000	5,278	345,229	30,296
Totals End of Year		\$ 5,399,982	\$ 134,379	\$ 3,696,178	\$ 623,498

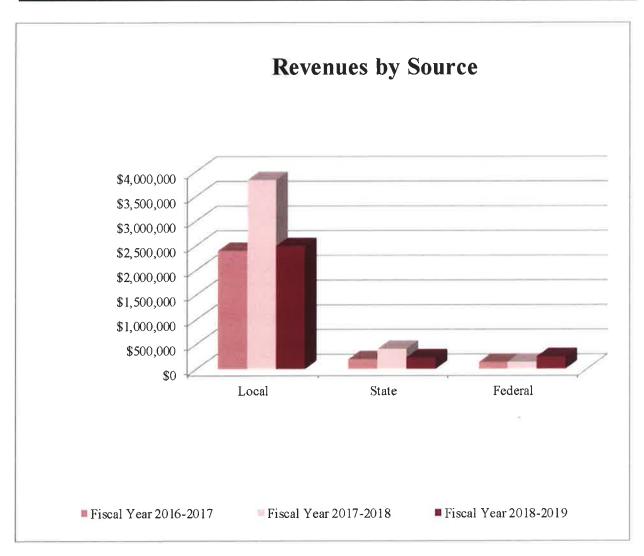
ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the subsequent fiscal year budget and tax rates. Significant changes to the fiscal year 2020 budget include state funding and teacher compensation increases provided for by the House Bill 3 as adopted by the 86th Texas Legislature. Those changes along with expected student enrollment were factors considered in projecting expected revenue and expenditures when adopting the budget for next year. A summary of the subsequent fiscal year budget for funds legally required to be budgeted is as follows:

Fiscal Ye	ear i	2019 - 202	20	Adopted E	Bu	dget		
				Child		Debt		
		General		Nutrition		Service		
		Fund		Fund		Fund		TOTALS
Revenues	\$	2,000,710	\$	122,833	\$	547,450	\$	2,670,993
Expenditures		(2,374,893)		(122,833)		(451,750)		(2,949,476)
Other Financing Sources		- XY (Tar) + 1		W. D.				Bill of the la
Other Financing Uses		N. P. Carlotte					- 3	- 11 TE 100
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(374,183)	\$	- L 0 _ s n a	\$	95,700	\$	(278,483)
Beginning of Year Fund Balance	THE P	2,510,038		2,144	yr i ei	116,782	7	2,628,964
Projected End of Year Fund Balance	\$	2,135,855	\$	2,144	\$	212,482	\$	2,350,481
		The state of the state of						

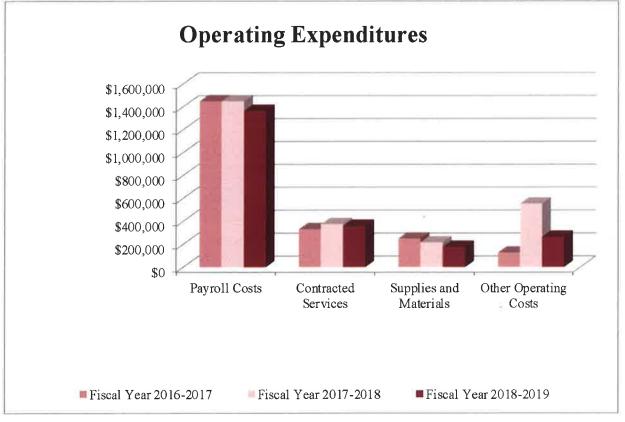
The following graph indicates the District's revenues by source for the last three years.

	PAINT CREEK INDE	PENDENT SCHOOL	L DISTRICT
	REVENU	JES BY SOURC	CD
	Fiscal Year 2016-2017	Fiscal Year 2017-2018	Fiscal Year 2018-2019
ADA	129.753	118,342	105.973
Local	\$2,395,924	\$3,830,066	\$2,488,374
State	200,115	410,203	232,177
Federal	139,679	146,428	251,683
Total	\$2,735,718	\$4,386,697	\$2,972,234



The following graph indicates the District's operating expenditures by object for the last three years.

PAINT C	REEK INDEPEND	ENT SCHOOL D	ISTRICT
Expenditures 1	By Type Excluding	Capital Outlay and	l Debt Service
	Fiscal Year 2016-2017	Fiscal Year 2017-2018	Fiscal Year 2018-2019
Total Staff	30,95	30.77	30.73
Payroll Costs	\$1,449,324	\$1,449,977	\$1,365,180
Contracted Services	333,086	377,001	360,606
Supplies and Materials	251,361	217,996	178,154
Other Operating Costs	128,560	554,258	263,582
Total	\$2,162,331	\$2,599,232	\$2,167,522



CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our taxpayers, students and their parents, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Paint Creek Independent School District, 4485 FM 600, Haskell, Texas 79521; (940) 864-2471 or visit our website at http://www.paintcreek.esc14.net.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

Data		Primary Government
Contro	Cash and Cash Equivalents Current Investments Croperty Taxes - Delinquent Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes One from Other Governments Other Receivables, Net Crepayments Capital Assets: Land Buildings, Net Furniture and Equipment, Net Total Assets RED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Originated Outflow Related to TRS Pension Originated Outflow Related to TRS OPEB Total Deferred Outflows of Resources ITIES Cuccounts Payable Cucrued Wages Payable Cucrued Expenses Ioncurrent Liabilities: Due Within One Year Due in More Than One Year Net Pension Liability (District's Share) Net OPEB Liability (District's Share) Total Liabilities RED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Originated Inflow Related to TRS OPEB Total Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB Total Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB Total Deferred Inflows of Resources SITION Tet Investment in Capital Assets Testricted for Federal and State Programs	Governmental
Coucs		Activities
ASSE	CTS	
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,535,996
1120	Current Investments	1,114,476
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent	55,348
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(13,837)
1240	Due from Other Governments	71,419
1290	Other Receivables, Net	4,049
1410	Prepayments	276
	Capital Assets:	
1510		2,000
1520		5,369,481
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net	287,190
1000	Total Assets	8,426,398
DEF	ERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension	300,088
1706	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	55,407
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	355,495
LIAB	ILITIES	-
2110	Accounts Payable	5,953
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	81,663
2200	Accrued Expenses	9,636
	Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501	Due Within One Year	518,513
2502	Due in More Than One Year	3,331,372
2540	Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	456,875
2545		663,567
2000	Total Liabilities	5,067,579
DEFE	CRRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	=
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension	31,518
2606	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	302,025
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	333,543
NET	POSITION	1
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,825,620
3820	Restricted for Federal and State Programs	2,144
3850	Restricted for Debt Service	122,104
3900	Unrestricted	1,430,903
3000	Total Net Position	\$ 3,380,771

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

Data				Program	Revenues		Position
Control		ï		3	4	_	6
Codes					Operating		Primary Gov.
Codes				Charges for	Grants and		Governmental
		Expenses		Services	Contributions		Activities
Primary Government:							
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
11 Instruction	\$	1,102,468	\$		\$ 237,210		(865,258)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services		17,554		5 :	1,773		(15,781)
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	t	7,331		Ħ	1,104		(6,227)
23 School Leadership		107,930			9,646		(98,284)
31 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		47,199		5	5,568		(41,631)
33 Health Services		6,090		5	< <u></u>		(6,090)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation		87,188		<u></u>	3,338		(83,850)
35 Food Services		137,534		8,548	100,055		(28,931)
36 Extracurricular Activities		107,704		2,403	2,739		(102,562)
41 General Administration		290,692		青	12,043		(278,649)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		272,574		5,375	10,785		(256,414)
52 Security and Monitoring Services		3,479			12,793		9,314
53 Data Processing Services		54,220		7	3,338		(50,882)
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt		94,771		211	沃		(94,771)
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		220		2	-		(220)
91 Contracted Instructional Services Between Scho		138,929		2			(138,929)
93 Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangement	ents	34,856		2	i .		(34,856)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges		55,475		-	·		(55,475)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	2,566,214	\$	16,326	\$ 400,392		(2,149,496)
Data	==		*				
Control Codes Gener	al Rever	mes:					
	xes:	14451					
MT	Proper	rty Taxes, Lev	vied	for General F	Purposes		1,577,100
DT	Proper	rty Taxes, Lev	vied	for Debt Serv	vice		618,642
SF Sta	ate Aid	- Formula Gra	ants				148,503
GC Gra	ants and	d Contribution	ns no	t Restricted			466
lE Inv	vestmen	t Earnings					71,186
MI Mi	iscellan	eous Local an	d Int	termediate Re	evenue		216,270
TR Total	l Genera	al Revenues					2,632,167
CN		Change in N	let P	osition			482,671
NB Net Po	osition -	Beginning					2,898,100
NE Net Po	osition	Ending				\$	3,380,771

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Contr	ol		10 General		50 Debt Service	Other		Total Governmental
Codes	3		Fund		Fund	Funds		Funds
	ASSETS							
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,508,240	\$	27,552	\$ 2	\$	1,535,792
1120	Investments - Current		1,025,757		88,719	~		1,114,476
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		50,513		4,835	~		55,348
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(12,628)	1	(1,209)	-		(13,837)
1240	Due from Other Governments		54,682		(a)	16,737		71,419
1260	Due from Other Funds		6,607			587		7,194
1290	Other Receivables		3,538		511	-		4,049
1410	Prepayments		276			-		276
1000	Total Assets	\$	2,636,985	\$	120,408	\$ 17,324	\$	2,774,717
	LIABILITIES							
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	4,961	\$	i n	\$ 992	\$	5,953
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		74,815		·	6,848		81,663
2170	Due to Other Funds		6,675		157	6,883		13,558
2200	Accrued Expenditures		2,611			457		3,068
2000	Total Liabilities		89,062			15,180		104,242
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-			*			
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		37,885		3,626	<u>=</u>		41,511
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		37,885		3,626	16		41,511
	FUND BALANCES Restricted Fund Balance:							
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		*	2,144		2,144
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt Committed Fund Balance:		-		116,782	X(0 6)		116,782
3510	Construction		125,000		*	390		125,000
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance		2,385,038		=	Ne:		2,385,038
3000	Total Fund Balances		2,510,038		116,782	2,144	_	2,628,964
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	2,636,985	\$	120,408	\$ 17,324	\$	2,774,717
				=			=	

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

EXHIBIT C-2

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	2,628,964
1 The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance for workers compensation, to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.	,	-
2 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets less the accumulated depreciation increases net position. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.		1,113,772
3 Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current fiscal year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to decrease net position.		902,873
4 Recognition of the GASB 68 reporting requirements for the District's pension plan through TRS requires that additional items be reported in the government-wide statements. The District's share of the TRS pension plan resulted in a net pension liability, a deferred outflow related to the TRS pension, and a deferred inflow related to the TRS pension. This resulted in a reduction of reported ending net position.	2	(188,305)
5 Recognition of the GASB 75 reporting requirements for the District's OPEB plan through TRS-Care requires that additional items be reported in the government-wide statements The District's share of the TRS-Care plan resulted in a net OPEB liability, a deferred outflow related to TRS OPEB, and a deferred inflow related to TRS OPEB. This resulted in a reduction of reported ending net position.		(910,185)
6 The current year depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.		(191,702)
7 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, reclassifying the proceeds of long-term debt issues as an increase in long-term liabilities, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.		25,354
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	3,380,771

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Cont		General	Debt Service			_
Cod		General	Dent Service		Other	Governmental
	es	Fund	Fund		Funds	Funds
	REVENUES:					
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 1,849,962	\$ 624,943	\$	13,469 \$	2,488,374
5800	State Program Revenues	228,355	466	•	3,356	232,177
5900	Federal Program Revenues	74,514			177,169	251,683
5020	Total Revenues	2,152,831	625,409	-/2	193,994	2,972,234
	EXPENDITURES:			3.29		
	Current:					
0011	Instruction	843,213			71,909	915,122
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	16,221	1.5			16,221
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	6,400	(17)		614	7,014
0023	School Leadership	100,214	N # 1		(#.4	100,214
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	43,665	((4)		æ :	43,665
0033	Health Services	6,090	-			6,090
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	116,605	14		-	116,605
0035	Food Services	2,662	327		128,378	131,040
0036	Extracurricular Activities	60,357	-		14,161	74,518
0041	General Administration	275,420			<u> </u>	275,420
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	233,322			63,393	296,715
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	1,339	S#2		12,792	14,131
0053	Data Processing Services	52,589	:97		*	52,589
	Debt Service:					
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt	123,098	445,000		22	568,098
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt	43,929	90,450		-	134,379
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	4	220		₩.	220
	Capital Outlay:					
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction Intergovernmental:	57 ()	1.5		223,693	223,693
0091	Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools	138,929	· ·		2	138,929
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA	34,856	-		2	34,856
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	55,475	:=:		-	55,475
6030	Total Expenditures	2,154,384	535,670		514,940	3,204,994
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	(1,553)	89,739		(320,946)	(232,760)
	Expenditures			-		
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
7913	Capital Leases	55,765			1	55,765
7915	Transfers In	(0.0 = 0.0)	100		26,764	26,764
8911	Transfers Out (Use)	 (26,764)	S#76			(26,764)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 29,001		_	26,764	55,765
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	27,448	89,739		(294,182)	(176,995)
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	2,482,590	27,043	21	296,326	2,805,959
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 2,510,038	\$ 116,782	\$	2,144 \$	2,628,964

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT EXHIBIT C-4 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	(176,995)
The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance for workers compensation insurance, to appropriate functions in other funds. The net income (loss) of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.		ж.
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the current fiscal year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to decrease net position.	l	902,873
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.		(191,702)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net position.		(5,007)
Current year changes due to GASB 68 increased revenues, but also increased expenditures. The net effect on the change in the ending net position was a decrease in the change in net position.		(50,377)
GASB 75 requires that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability. This caused a decrease the change in net position. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense increased the change in net position. The net result is an increase in the change in net position.		3,879
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	482,671

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal Service Fund
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 204
Due from Other Funds	6,364
Total Assets	6,568
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accrued Expenses	6,568
Total Liabilities	6,568
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted Net Position	<u> </u>
Total Net Position	\$ -

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 1,100
Total Operating Revenues	1,100
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Payroll Costs	1,100
Total Operating Expenses	1,100
Operating Income	- =:
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	#C
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$ -

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Governmental Activities -	
		iternal
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash Received from Assessments - Other Funds Cash Payments for Insurance Claims Net Cash Used for Operating	\$	1,100 (1,572)
Activities		(472)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(472)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		676
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	204
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Used for Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss):	\$	•
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current Assets and Liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in Receivables Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (decrease) in Accrued Claims Liability		2,624 (668) (2,428)
Net Cash Used for Operating	:	(,)
Activities	\$	(472)
Reconciliation of Total Cash and Cash Equivalents:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents on Balance Sheet Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents on Balance Sheet	\$	204
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	204

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

	Agency Fund	
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 32,561	
Total Assets	\$ 32,561	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,145	
Due to Student Groups	31,416	
Total Liabilities	\$ 32,561	

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Paint Creek Independent School District (the "District") a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board of Trustees (the "Board") is elected by the public and has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. For financial reporting purposes, the accompanying financial statements include all of the operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District applies current GASB criteria to potential component units and other related entities in evaluating the potential inclusion in the reporting entity. The criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity involves whether the District or its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and is either able to impose its will on the organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or to impose specific financial burdens on the District such that exclusion of such information would cause the District's financial statements to be incomplete. For the current fiscal year, the reporting entity of the District does not include any component units.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the Paint Creek Independent School District non-fiduciary activities with most of the inter-fund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, state foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. *Business-type activities* include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If revenue is not program revenue, it is general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Inter-fund activities between governmental funds and between governmental funds and proprietary funds appear as due to/due from on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and on the Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position. All inter-fund transactions between governmental funds and between governmental funds and internal service funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Inter-fund activities between governmental funds and enterprise funds remain on the government-wide statements and appear on the government-wide Statement of Net Position as internal balances and on the Statement of Activities as inter-fund transfers. Inter-fund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due from on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental and enterprise funds major and report their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are non-operating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are non-operating.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The District considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The District considers them "available" if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Proprietary Fund Types and Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of <u>economic</u> resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The District applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position. The fund equity is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. This fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The District accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund. The fund was a major fund under governmental reporting standards for the current fiscal year.

The District does not maintain major enterprise funds.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type(s):

Governmental Funds:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> – The District accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund when applicable.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> – Proceeds from long-term debt financing and revenues and expenditures related to authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions are accounted for in a capital projects fund when applicable.

Proprietary Funds:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> — The District's activities for which outside users are charged a fee roughly equal to the cost of providing the goods or services of those activities are accounted for in an enterprise fund when applicable.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> – Revenues and expenses related to services provided to organizations inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis (such as workers' compensation) are accounted for in an internal service fund when applicable.

Fiduciary Funds:

<u>Private Purpose Trust Funds</u> – The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District. When applicable, the District maintains a private purpose trust fund to provide scholarships for students that have graduated from the District.

<u>Agency Funds</u> – The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in agency funds including funds used to account for student activities.

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending / borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to / from other funds". While these balances are reported in the fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in any business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in / out. While reported in the fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 1. For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, the District considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have maturity of three months or less when purchased.
- 2. The District reports inventories of supplies using the first-in, first-out inventory cost method. The supplies include consumable maintenance, instructional, office, athletic, and transportation items. Under the purchase method, supplies are recorded as expenditures when they are purchased. Inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Department of Agriculture. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is supplied by the Department of Agriculture and recorded as revenue and expenditures when received. Material inventories (if any) including food commodities are recorded as an asset and a corresponding amount of expenditures are reduced at year-end. The District had no material inventory amounts at the end of the current fiscal year.
- 3. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as current period expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

- 4. It is the District's policy to permit some employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the District. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.
- 5. Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSETS	YEARS
Buildings	40
Buildings and Improvements	40
Infrastructure	40
Vehicles	10
Office Equipment	10
Computer Equipment	10

- 6. Since Internal Service Funds in the District support the operations of governmental funds, they are consolidated with the governmental funds in the government-wide financial statements. The expenditures of governmental funds that create the revenues of internal service funds are eliminated to avoid "grossing up" the revenues and expenses of the District as a whole.
- 7. Restricted assets, if applicable, of the District are limited to cash and certificates of deposit which have been gifted to the District with the stipulation that only the earnings are available for current and future scholarship recipients.
- 8. The District participates in a self-funded workers' compensation program which executes an inter-local agreements that defines the responsibilities of the parties. The program provides statutory workers' compensation benefits to its members and their injured employees.

9. Net Position and Fund Balances:

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Net Position:

Government-wide and proprietary fund net position is divided into three components:

- Net investment in capital assets—consist of the historical cost of capital assets less
 accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to
 finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources
 related to those assets.
- Restricted net position—consist of assets that are restricted by the District's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors.
- Unrestricted—all other net position is reported in this category.

Governmental Fund Balances:

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable—Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted—Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the District's state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.
- Committed—Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by Board of Trustees' ordinance.
- Assigned—Amounts that are designated by the Superintendent for a particular purpose but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed or there is a majority vote approval (for capital projects or debt service) by the Board of Trustees.
- Unassigned—All amounts not included in other spendable classification
- 10. Use of Restricted Resources: When an expenditure/expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the District's policy is to first apply the expenditure/expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the District's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications—committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.
- 11. The District applies Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, Fair Market Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.
- 12. Investment income reported in one fund has not been assigned directly to another fund by the District.
- 13. The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.
- 14. Deferred Outflows of Resources: The District reports decreases in net assets that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position. No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year. Deferred outflows of resources

related to pension and other post-employment benefits reporting is presented in the government wide statements.

- 15. Deferred Inflow of Resources: The District's governmental funds report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element reflects an increase in net assets that applies to a future periods. The District will not recognize the related revenues until a future event occurs. The District reports various types of items which occurs because governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the District's fiscal year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred property taxes and grants are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. A deferred inflow related to pension and other postemployment benefits reporting is presented in the government wide statements.
- 16. Pensions: The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.
- 17. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resource measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the new OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Exhibit C-2 provides the reconciliation between the fund balance for total governmental funds on the governmental fund balance sheet and the net position for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that capital assets are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The details of capital assets and long-term debt at the beginning of the year were as follows:

Capital Assets at the Beginning of the Year	Historica Cost		ccumulated epreciation		t Value at ginning of Year		ange in Net Position
Land	\$ 2,00	0 \$	3=3	\$	2,000		
Buildings and Improvements	6,279,64	7	(1,022,090)	;	5,257,557		
Furniture and Equipment	407,69	1	(151,650)		256,041	6	
Change in Net Position						\$	5,515,598
				Pa	yable at		
Long-term Liabilities at the Beginning				Beg	ginning of		
of the Year					Year		
General Obligation Bonds				\$:	2,935,000		
Tax Notes & Revenue Bonds					1,217,717		
Capital Leases					55,794		
Accrued Interest - Bonds, Notes, and C	apital Lease	S			18,530		
Unamortized Premium (Discount)					174,785		
Change in Net Position							4,401,826
Net Adjustment to Net Position						\$	1,113,772

B. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Exhibit C-4 provides reconciliation between the net changes in fund balance as shown on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the changes in net position of governmental activities as reported on the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that current year capital outlays and debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but should be shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide statements. This adjustment affects both the net position balance and the change in net position shown in Exhibit C-2 and Exhibit C-4. The details of this adjustment are as follows:

				ljustments Changes in		ustments to Net
		Amount	_Ne	t Position	P	osition
Current Year Capital Outlay;						
Buildings & Improvements	\$	267,693				
Furniture & Equipment	-	67,082				
Total Capital Outlay		334,775		334,775		334,775
Debt Principal Payments:						
Bond Principal		445,000				
Tax Notes & Revenue Bonds		90,590				
Capital Lease Payments		32,508	2			
Total Principal Payments		568,098		568,098		568,098
Total Adjustment to Net Position	22		\$	902,873	\$	902,873

Another element of the reconciliation on Exhibits C-2 and C-4 are described as various other reclassifications and eliminations necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. This adjustment is the result of several items. The details of this adjustment are as follows:

			to	ljustments Change in	ljustments to Net
11. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.		mount	Ne	et Position	Position
Adjustments to Revenue, Unearned Revenue, Beginning	Net	Position:			
Begin year unearned property tax revenue	\$	30,361	\$	9. 11 7	\$ 30,361
Modified to Full Accrual Property Tax Adjustments		11,150		11,150	11,150
Other Revenue Adjustments (Rounding)					(<u>-</u>
Reclassify Proceeds of Bonds, Loans & Capital Leases:					
New Loans / Capital Leases Issued		(55,765)		(55,765)	(55,765)
Adjust Expenditures to Full Accrual From Modified					
Accrual:					
Unamortized Premium (Discount) on Bonds		37,912		37,912	37,912
Adjust Interest Expense to Full Accrual Basis		1,696		1,696	1,696
Totals			\$	(5,007)	\$ 25,354

III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and the Food Service Fund (which is included in the Special Revenue Funds). The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 and the other two reports are in the J Exhibits as reported in the required TEA Exhibits.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- Prior to August 20, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days public notice of the meeting must be given.
- Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. None of those amendments were significant.
- Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as adopted and amended by the Board of Trustees. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end. A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and non-appropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

	 of Year Balance
Appropriated Budget Funds - Food Service Special Revenue Fund	\$ 2,144
Non-appropriated Budget Funds	1)
All Special Revenue Funds	\$ 2,144

B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The District did not have an excess of expenditures over appropriations for any functions that were material to the financial statements in legally required budgeted funds for the current year.

C. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

The District did not incur a deficit fund balance in any fund during the current fiscal year.

IV. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS</u>

A. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the District's cash and temporary investments at the end of the fiscal year follows:

	Er	nd of Fiscal
Cash and Cash Equivalents by Type		Year
Cash Deposits in Bank	\$	1,568,557
Certificates of Deposit Maturity to 3 months		
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents by Account Type	\$	1,568,557
	Er	id of Fiscal
Cash and Cash Equivalents by Fund:		Year
Cash and Cash Equivalents:		
General Fund	\$	1,508,240
Major Governmental Funds		27,552
Non-Major Governmental Funds		-
Cash and Investments - Enterprise		
Internal Service Funds		204
Agency Funds		32,561
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents by Fund	\$	1,568,557

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits

<u>Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits</u>: State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. The District's cash deposits subject to custodial credit risk at the date of the highest cash balance and at year end were:

Custo dial Cusdit Dial.	Hi	ighest Cash Balance	Er	nd of Fiscal Year		
Name of Depository Bank: Vista Bank		Dalance		1 cai		
Total amount of FDIC Insurance (FDIC)	\$	500,000	\$	500,000		
Securities Pledged	Ψ	2,880,000	Ψ	2,905,847		
Letters of Credit	-	3,500,000		3,500,000		
Total FDIC, Bond or Securities Pledged	\$	6,880,000	\$	6,905,847		
Cash Deposits and Cash Investments in Bank	\$	3,052,996	\$	2,005,367		
Excess or (Shortage) of Deposits compared to FDIC and						
Letter of Credit	\$	3,827,004	\$	4,900,480		
The District's cash deposits were entirely covered by FDIC						
insurance, letters of credit, or other pledged securities by the						
Depository	YES YES					

<u>Foreign Currency Risk:</u> The District limits the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit by limiting all deposits denominated in a foreign currency.

Investments

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Investments

Compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act

The **Public Funds Investment Act** (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Statutes authorize the entity to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas and its agencies; (2) guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by state and national banks domiciled in Texas; (3) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality not less than an "A"; (4) No load money market funds with a weighted average maturity of 90 days or less; (5) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; (6) commercial paper having a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of issuance and is not rated less than A-1 or P-1 by two nationally recognized credit rating agencies OR one nationally recognized credit agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit; (7) secured corporate bonds rated not lower than "AA-" or the equivalent; (8) public funds investment pools; and (9) guaranteed investment contracts for bond proceeds investment only, with a defined termination date and secured by U.S. Government direct or agency obligations approved by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act in an amount equal to the bond proceeds. The Act also requires the entity to have independent auditors perform test

procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Additional policies and contractual provisions governing investments for the District are specified below:

<u>Credit Risk:</u> To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations, the District limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds, and mutual bond funds to the top 2 or 3 ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of the current fiscal year, the district's investments were rated by Standard & Poor's, Fitch Ratings, etc.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk for Investments:</u> To limit the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party the District requires counterparties to register the securities in the name of the district and hand them over to the District or its designated agent. This includes securities in securities lending transactions. All of the securities are in the District's name and held by the District or its agent.

Concentration of Credit Risk: To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer, the District limits investments to less than 5% of its total investments. The District further limits investments in a single issuer to 20% when they would cause investment risks to be significantly greater in the governmental and business-type activities, individual major funds, aggregate non-major funds and fiduciary fund types than they are in the primary government.

<u>Interest Rate Risk:</u> To limit the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the District requires at least half of the investment portfolio to have maturities of less than one year on a weighted average maturity basis.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk for Investments:</u> The District limits the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment by avoiding all investments denominated in a foreign currency.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below. In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The *Texpool* investment pool is an external investment pool measured at amortized cost. In order to meet the criteria to be recorded at amortized cost, the investment pool

must transact at a stable net asset value per share and maintain certain maturity, quality, liquidity and diversification requirements within the investment pool. The investment pool transacts at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, has weighted average maturities of 60 days or less and weighted average lives of 120 days or less, investments held are highly rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, have no more than 5% of portfolio with one issuer (excluding U.S. government securities), and can meet reasonably foreseeable redemptions. Texpool has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. The investment pool's authority may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities markets, general banking moratorium or national state of emergency that affects the pool's liquidity. Texpool is subject to regulatory oversight by the State Treasurer, although it is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District had the following investments:

				Fair V	/alue	Measurements	Using	2			
			Quo	ted Prices							
			in	Active							
			Ma	rkets for			Sig	gnificant		Weighted	
			Ic	dentical	Sig	mificant Other	Uno	bservable	Percent of	Average	
	Er	nd of Fiscal		Assets	Obs	servable Inputs	1	Inputs	Total	Maturity	
Investments		ear Value	(L	evel 1)		(Level 2)	(Level 3)		Investments	(Days)	Credit Risk
Investments measured at amortized cost -											
Investment pools:											
Texpool	\$	703,630	\$		S	54	S		63.14%	38	AAAın*
Investments measured by fair value level -											
Certificates of Deposit		410,846				410,846		- 1	36.86%	390	BBB+ to AA
Total Investments	\$	1,114,476	\$	2	\$	410,846	\$	540	100.00%		

B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the school fiscal year.

C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

D. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Inter-fund balances at year-end consisted of the following amounts:

	Dı	Due To			
FUND	Oth	er Funds	Otl	ner Funds	
General Fund:					
Major Governmental Funds	\$	-	\$	9	
Non-major Governmental Funds		6,607		311	
Internal Service Funds		:5:		6,364	
Total General Fund		6,607	\$	6,675	
Major Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$		\$	©≟3	
Non-major Governmental Funds		-		-	
Internal Service Funds		(= 2			
All Others	-			74	
Total Major Governmental Funds	\$	-	\$	()	
Non-major Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$	587	\$	6,883	
Other Major Governmental Funds		300		-	
Internal Service Funds		:=:		3 .4	
All Others		3₩3			
Total Non-major Governmental Funds	\$	587	\$	6,883	
Internal Service Funds:					
General Fund	\$	6,364	\$	1.00	
Major Governmental Fund		888		300	
Non-major Governmental Funds		-			
All Others			-	:00	
Total Internal Service Funds	\$	6,364	_\$_		
Total Interfund Receivables / Payables	\$	13,558	_\$_	13,558	

The purpose of the interfund receivables and payables are as follows:

- The \$6,364 receivable / payable between the General Fund and the Internal Service Fund represents the unfunded amount of workers compensation incurred but not reported or paid claims liabilities in the Internal Service Fund as of the end of year. The District's policy is to actually fund the payment of the workers compensation claims when payment is requested by the external claims administrator. Repayment has not been scheduled for the subsequent year.
- The \$6,883 receivable / payable between the General Fund and non-major governmental funds represents short-term advances of funds pending cost reimbursements to be received from other governmental agencies. These advances resulted from pooled cash accounts.

Inter-fund transfers for the current year-end consisted of the following individual amounts:

FUND	Tra	nsfers In	Transfers Ou				
General Fund:							
Major Governmental Funds	\$	23 0 7	\$	(*)			
Non-Major Governmental Funds		-		26,764			
All Others	₹	347	5	(=)			
Total General Fund	\$		\$	26,764			
Major Governmental Funds:							
General Fund	\$	**	\$	(*)			
Other Major Governmental Funds							
Non-Major Governmental Funds		-		-			
All Others	-	₹#5		3#3			
Total Major Governmental Funds	\$: *	\$	-			
Non-Major Governmental Funds:							
General Fund	\$	26,764	\$	-			
Other Major Governmental Funds		-		-			
All Others		•					
Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$	26,764	\$	-			
Total Interfund Transfers	\$	26,764	\$	26,764			

The purposes of the interfund transfers were as follows:

• \$26,764 was transferred from the General Fund to the Food Service Fund to supplement operating costs in excess of reimbursements received from the National School Breakfast and Lunch programs and food sales revenues.

E. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables at year-end were as follows:

		Property Taxes		Other vernments	-	ue From her Funds	(Other	Re	Total ceivables
Governmental Activities:	17,									
General Fund	\$	50,513	\$	54,682	\$	6,607	\$	3,538	\$	115,340
Other Major Governmental Funds		4,835		9		-		511		5,346
Non-major Governmental Funds		*		16,737		587		20 0 5		17,324
Internal Service Funds		3				6,364		: *).		6,364
Total Governmental Activities	\$	55,348	\$	71,419	\$	13,558	\$	4,049		144,374
Amounts not scheduled for collection										
during subsequent year	<u>\$</u>		\$	4	\$_	- 2	\$		\$	<u>:</u> -€

Payables at year-end were as follows:

	Accounts Payable		Accrued Salaries Payable		Due To Other Funds		Accrued Benefits Payable				(Other	Total ayables
Governmental Activities: General Fund Other Major Governmental Funds Non-major Governmental Funds Internal Service Funds	\$	4,961 - 992	\$	74,815 6,848	\$	6,675 - 6,883	\$	2,611 457	\$	# # # #	\$	6,568	\$ 89,062 15,180 6,568
Total Governmental Type Activities Amounts not scheduled for payment during subsequent year	<u>\$</u>	5,953	\$	81,663	\$	13,558	\$	3,068			\$ \$	6,568	\$ 110,810

F. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the District for the current year was as follows:

	Pr	imary Gov	e rn	ment			
		Beginning Balance	A	dditions		ire me nts us tme nts)	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:							
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$	2,000	\$		\$	-	\$ 2,000
Construction In Progress		(#)		=		14	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Buildings and Improvements		6,279,647		267,693			6,547,340
Furniture and Equipment		407,691		67,082		æ	474,773
Infrastructure		:#0					
Totals at Historic Cost	\$	6,689,338	\$	334,775	\$		\$ 7,024,113
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings and Improvements	\$	1,022,090	\$	155,769	\$	4	\$ 1,177,859
Furniture and Equipment		151,650		35,933		-	187,583
Infrastructure		*				- 5	7
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	1,173,740	\$	191,702	\$		\$ 1,365,442
Governmental Activities Capital							
Assets-Net	\$	5,515,598	\$	143,073	\$		\$ 5,658,671
Depreciation expense was charged to go	ver	nmental fu	neti	ions as fo	llows:		
Instruction						\$	120,641
Student (Pupil) Transportation							24,102
Food Services							1,516
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities							31,178
General Administration							1,457
Plant Maintenance and Operations							12,619
Security and Monitoring Services							189
Total Depreciation Expense						\$	191,702

The District has no capital assets that are not being depreciated as of the current fiscal year end except for land and construction in progress as previously disclosed.

G. SHORT-TERM DEBT PAYABLE

The District accounts for short-term debts for maintenance purposes through the General Fund. Short-term debts include notes made in accordance with the provisions of the Texas Education Code Section 45.108. The proceeds from loans are shown in the governmental fund financial statements as Other Resources and principal payments are shown as Other Uses. The District had no short-term debt payable at any time during the current year.

H. BONDS, CAPITAL LEASES, AND OTHER LONG-TERM DEBT PAYABLE

Long-term debt activity of the District during the current fiscal year was as follows:

]	Beginning					Ending	Du	ie Within
		Balance	Α	dditions	R	eductions	Balance	0	ne Year
Governmental Activities:									
Bonds and Notes Payable:									
General Obligation Bonds	\$	2,935,000	\$	13 + 2	\$	445,000	2,490,000	\$	370,000
Premium on Bond Issuance		174,785		7.		37,912	136,873		
Tax Notes & Lease Revenue Bonds		1,217,716				90,589	1,127,127		99,914
Capital Leases		55,794		55,765		32,508	79,051		31,765
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$	4,383,295	\$	55,765	\$	606,009	\$ 3,833,051	\$	501,679
Other Liabilities:									
Compensated Absences	\$	-	\$	9€	\$	•	-	\$	
Accrued Interest Payable	\$	18,530	\$	132,683	\$	134,379	\$ 16,834	\$	16,834
Total Other Liabilities	\$	18,530	\$	132,683	\$	134,379	\$ 16,834	\$	16,834
Total Governmental Activities Long-									
Term Liabilities	\$	4,401,825	\$	188,448	\$	740,388	\$ 3,849,885	\$	518,513

Individual long-term debt issues by type are as follows:

Debt Payable - Governmental Activities:

Interest													
	Interest	0r	iginal	-	Current	E	Begin Year					E	nd of Fiscal
Description	Rate	I	ssue		Year		Balance	Additions		Reductions		Ye	ar Balance
General Obligation Bonds:													
2017 Building Bonds	2.0% - 3.0%	\$ 3,	530,000	\$_	90,450	\$	2,935,000	\$		\$	445,000	\$	2,490,000
Total General Obligation Bonds				\$	90,450	\$	2,935,000	\$		\$	445,000	\$	2,490,000
Premium on Bond Issuance						\$	174,785	\$		\$	37,912	\$	136,873
Tax Notes and Revenue Bonds													
QSCB Tax Note - Dalhart Federal	1.45%	\$	510,000	\$	5,278	\$	370,247	\$	1,65	\$	25,018	\$	345,229
Revenue Bonds - Wellington State	4.25%		497,320		14,264		344,508				28,751		315,757
Revenue Bonds - Wellington State	4.75%		218,973		8,459		168,444				8,090		160,354
Revenue Bonds - Wellington State	4.25%		497,320	_	14,285		334,517				28,730		305,787
Total Tax Notes and Lease Revenue Bo	onds			\$	42,286	\$	1,217,716	\$	Ne.	\$	90,589	\$	1,127,127
Capital Leases:													
2018 Bus-Governmental Capital	2.99%	\$	90,604	\$	1,643	\$	55,794	\$	(* :	\$	17,777	\$	38,017
2016 Bus-Santander	3.80%		55,765				-		55,765		14,731		41,034
Total Capital Leases				\$	1,643	\$	55,794	\$	55,765	\$	32,508	\$	79,051
Total Long-Term Debt Payable - G	es	\$	134,379	\$	4,383,295	\$	55,765	\$	606,009	\$	3,833,051		

The following table summarizes the future annual debt service requirements of the District's long-term debt as of the end of the current fiscal year:

	G	eneral Oblig	atio	n Bonds	Tax Notes & Revenue Bonds					Capi tal 1	Leas	es	Totals			
	I	Principal		Interest	Principal			Interest	P	rincipal	In	terest	P	rincipal		Interest
2020	\$	370,000	\$	81,350	\$	99,914	\$	37,899	\$	31,765	\$	2,570	\$	501,679	\$	121,819
2021		340,000		70,250		103,653		34,161		33,096		1,571		476,749		105,982
2022		325,000		56,650		107,362		30,452		14,190		541		446,552		87,643
2023		320,000		43,650		111,281		26,532		-		-		431,281		70,182
2024		305,000		34,050		115,326		22,488		*		*		420,326		56,538
2025-2029		300,000		24,900		460,964		50,475				*		760,964		75,375
2030-2034		300,000		15,900		128,627		6,161		•		8		428,627		22,061
2035-2039		230,000		6,900		540		7.€		÷.		¥		230,000		6,900
Subsequent						:20		(*)								<u> </u>
Totals	\$	2,490,000	\$	333,650	\$	1,127,127	\$	208,168	\$	79,051	\$	4,682	\$ 3	3,696,178	\$	546,500

In prior years, the District has not defeased general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, no trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds exist and none are included in the District's financial statements.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, and QSCB note agreements. District administration has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at year-end.

I. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

Commitments under operating (non-capitalized) lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future rental payments at year-end as follows (the imputed interest on the leases range from 2.00% to 5.00%):

Year Ending August 31		
2020	\$	31,356
2021		29,518
2022		14,787
2023		480
2024		-
2025-2029		12
2030-2034	-	380
Total Minimum Future Rentals	\$	76,141
Rental Expenditures in Current Fiscal Year	\$	26,219

J. ACCUMULATED UNPAID VACATION AND SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

Upon retirement or death of certain employees, the District pays any accrued sick leave and vacation leave in "lump sum" cash payment to such employee or his/her estate. Individuals employed after October 1, 1985, are not eligible to receive the lump sum payments. The District did not have any accumulated compensated absence payable amounts at the end of the fiscal year.

K. HEALTH CARE COVERAGE

The District provided health insurance coverage for employees under the provisions of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) active care health insurance plan during the current year. The District paid monthly premiums for covered employees to the plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums in excess of the amount paid by the District as set by policy. The plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

L. DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS

Unavailable revenue at year-end consisted of the following:

	General Fund		Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Fund		Total	
Net Tax Revenue	\$	37,885	\$		\$	3,626	\$	41,511
State and Federal Grants				¥		2		**
Total Unearned Revenue	\$	37,885	\$	-	\$	3,626	\$	41,511

M. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments at year end are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as "Due from State Agencies" except for some federal programs which are received directly from the federal government for grants such as the REAP Program.

Due from State - Foundation FUND Entitlements		Du	e from State - Grants	Due from Other Governments		TOTAL		
General	\$	54,682	\$	9 2 1	\$	**	\$	54,682
Special Revenue		(4)		16,737		-		16,737
Debt Service		; = 1		S #1		•		
Totals	\$	54,682	\$	16,737	\$:#c	\$	71,419

N. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund		Revenue		Revenue		Revenue		Revenue Service		P	Capital rojects Fund	Total
Property Taxes	\$ 1,553,837	\$	-unu	\$		\$	-	\$ 2,167,815						
Property Taxes Penalty & Interest	14,356	_	***	•	2,421	*	:=:	16,777						
Investment Income	60,581		20		8,544		2,061	71,186						
Food Sales			8,548				:::::	8,548						
Extracurricular Student Activities	2,403		90		960		•	2,403						
Sec 313 Agreement Payments	207,506		-		420		-	207,506						
Other Miscellaneous Revenue	11,279		3		3		2,860	14,139						
Totals	\$ 1,849,962	\$	8,548	\$	624,943	\$	4,921	\$ 2,488,374						

O. LITIGATION

The District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District is aware of potential exposure to claims related to these areas; however, legal counsel and the District do not expect any financial exposure to assets of the District.

P. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District had no significant commitments or contingencies at year end.

Q. JOINT VENTURE-SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

The District is a member of various shared services arrangements (SSA's) that are accounted for using Model 3 in the Texas Education Agency (TEA) accounting guide for school districts. The SSA's provides services for member districts. Other districts serve as the fiscal agent for the SSA's. In addition to the District, other member districts participate in the shared services arrangements also. The fiscal agent for each SSA provides SSA services. The member districts provide the funds to the fiscal agent. According to guidance provided in TEA's Resource Guide, the fiscal agent for each SSA has accounted for the fiscal agent's activities of the SSA in special revenue funds. The Shared Services Arrangements listed below have been accounted for used Model 3 in the SSA section of the Resources Guide. The District has accounted for the payments to the fiscal agent in the General Funds No. 199 as intergovernmental expenditures (function 93). A chart detailing the District's participation in those shared services arrangements is a follows:

Shared Services Arrange me nt	Type of Services	Fiscal Agent	Funding Source	Fiscal Agent Special Revenue Fund	District Special Revenue Fund	Exp	rogram enditures rent Year
	Special	Knox City-	Special				
Haskell Knox SSA	Education	O'Brien CISD	Education	437	N.A.	\$	34,856
		TOTAL FUNC	CTION 93 EX	PENDITU	RES	\$	34,856

The District also participates in shared service arrangements with other school districts for various educational activities. In addition to the District, other member districts participate in the educational cooperatives and the fiscal agent provides SSA services. The funding for each activity is received by the fiscal agent from the grantor agency. The fiscal agent then provides the funds to the member districts. According to guidance provided in TEA's Resource Guide, the Fiscal Agent has accounted for the fiscal agent's activities of the SSA in a Special Revenue Fund. The Shared Services Arrangements has been accounted for using Model 1 in the SSA section of the TEA Resource Guide. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, nor does the district have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement. Presented below are the shared service arrangements in which the District participates and the extent of funding received and expended under each program.

Shared Services	Type of		Funding	Fiscal Agent Special Revenue	District Special Revenue	Progra Expendit	
Arrangement	Services	Fiscal Agent	Source	Fund	Fund	Current ?	Year
Haskell-Knox	Special	Knox City-	IDEA, Part B -				
Education SSA	Education	O'Brien CISD	Formula	313	224	\$	0.00

R. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing the basic financial statements, District administration has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through November 18, 2019, the date this Annual Financial Report was available to be issued

S. RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

The District at present does not maintain an Educational Foundation and it does not receive material support from related entities as defined under GASB Statement 39. These entities are usually established as a not-for-profit entity to provide assistance and support for teachers and students to develop special programs and projects and other school district supported activities.

T. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The District did not incur any material reportable related party transactions or balances as of and during the current year.

U. FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION ADJUSTMENTS

The District did not make fund balance or net position adjustments during the current fiscal year.

V. WORKERS COMPENSATION / PROPERTY & CASUALTY / UNEMPLOYMENT

Workers' Compensation Program

In prior years, the District established a self-insurance plan for workers' compensation benefits as authorized by Section 504.011 of the Labor Code. The District participates in this plan (West Texas Educational Insurance Association self-funded workers' compensation program) along with other participating entities. The District contributes annual amounts determined by Claims Administrative Services, Inc. As claims arise, they are submitted to and paid by Claims Administrative Services, Inc. on behalf of the District under terms of a contractual agreement. According to state statute, the District is protected against unanticipated catastrophic claims and aggregate loss by coverage carried through a commercial insurer licensed or eligible to do business in Texas in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code. Coverage was in effect for specific occurrences exceeding \$225,000 and aggregate retention at \$2,000,000.

The costs associated with this self-insurance plan are reported as Interfund transactions to the extent of amounts actuarially determined. Accordingly, they are treated as operating revenues of the Internal Service Fund and operating expenditures of the General Fund. The liabilities of the plan include incurred but not reported claims. These liabilities reported in the funds are based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. These liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported.

Because actual claims liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities are reevaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims and other economic and social factors. Workers' compensation liabilities for incurred losses to be settled by fixed or reasonably determinable payments over a long period of time were computed by an actuary and are reported at their present value using an expected future investment yield assumption.

Estimates of claims payable and of claims incurred, but not reported at August 31 are reflected as accounts and claims payable of the Fund. The plan is funded to discharge liabilities of the Fund as they become due. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past year are as follows:

	Pri	or Fiscal Year	Current Fiscal Year		
Unpaid claims, beginning of year Incurred claims / Change in Liability Estimate (including	\$	11,954	\$	8,996	
IBNR's)		2,290		3,096	
Claim Payments		(5,248)		(5,524)	
Accrued Claims Liability (including IBNR's)	\$	8,996	\$	6,568	

Property Program

During the current fiscal year, the District participated in the TASB Risk Management Fund's (the Fund's) Property Program with coverage in

- Crime
- Equipment Breakdown
- Property

The Fund was created and is operated under the provision of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund purchases stop-loss coverage for protection against catastrophic and larger than anticipated claims for the Property Program. The terms and limits of the stop-loss program vary by line of coverage. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine the adequacy of reserves and fully funds those reserves. For the current fiscal year, the Fund anticipates the District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligations for payment of contributions. The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31 each year, are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Unemployment Compensation Pool

During the current fiscal year ended August 31, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the Unemployment Compensation pool. The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31 of each fiscal year are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

The fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine the adequacy of reserves and fully funds those reserves. For the current fiscal year ended, the Fund anticipates that the District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

W. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

a. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

b. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

c. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (A) above.

d. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 thru 2017. The 83rd Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution

rates for fiscal years 2015 and 2016. The 84th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2017 and 2018.

	Contrib	ribution Rates		
· ·	2018		2019	
Member	7.7%		7.7%	
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%		6.8%	
Employers	6.8%		6.8%	
Current fiscal year employer contributions		\$	29,735	
Current fiscal year member contributions		\$	85,626	
2018 measurement year NECE on-behalf contributions		\$	63,812	
Payments made by the State On-Behalf of the District for Medicare, Part D	<u>:</u>			
Fiscal year 2017 Medicare, Part D On-Behalf		\$	3,244	
Fiscal year 2018 Medicare, Part D On-Behalf		\$	3,549	
Fiscal year 2019 Medicare, Part D On-Behalf		\$	4,425	

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

e. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation rolled forward to August 31, 2018 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2017 rolled forward to
	August 31, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	6.907%
Long-term expected investment rate of return	7.25%
Municipal Bond Rate of of August 2018	3.69%. Source for the rate is the
	Fixed Income Market Data/Yield
	Curve/Data Municipal Bonds with 2
	years to maturity that include only
	federally tax-exempt municipal bond
	as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-
	Year Municipal GO AA Index"
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases including inflation	3.05 % to 9.05%
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are based primarily on a study of actual experience for the four-year period ending August 31, 2017 and adopted in July 2018.

f. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.907%. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non- employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all benefit payments until the year 2069. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2018 are summarized as follows:

Teacher Retirement System of Texas Asset Allocation and Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return As of August 31, 2018

Asset Class	Target Allocation ¹	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
U.S.	18.00%	5.70%	1.04%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00	6.90	0.90
Emerging Markets	9.00	8.95	0.80
Directional Hedge Funds	4.00	3.53	0.14
Private Equity	13.00	10.18	1.32
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11.00	1.11	0.12
Absolute Return	0.00	0.00	0.00
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.00	3.09	0.12
Cash	1.00	(0.30)	0.00
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3.00	0.70	0.02
Real Assets	14.00	5.21	0.73
Energy and Natural Resources	5.00	7.48	0.37
Commodities	0.00	0.00	0.00
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5.00	3.70	0.18
Inflation Expectation			2.30
Volatility Drag ²			(0.79)
Total	100.00%		7.25%

¹ Target allocations are based on the FY2016 policy model.

g. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (6.907%) in measuring the 2018 Net Pension Liability.

	1%	1% Decrease in				% Increase in	
	Discount Rate D			Discount Rate		Discount Rate	
	(5.907%)			(6.907%)		(7.907%)	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$	689,534	\$	456,875	\$	268,524	

h. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2019, the District reported the liability for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 456,875
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	1,043,280
Total	\$ 1,500,155

² The Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and rolled forward to August 31, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 thru August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2019 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability and the percentage increase (decrease) from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018 are shown in the required supplementary information in Exhibit G-2.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – There were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

- The Total Pension Liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017
- Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017
- Economic assumption including rates of salary increase for individual participant was updated based on the same experience study
- The discount rate changed from 8.0% as of August 31, 2017 to 6.097% as of August 31, 2018
- The long-term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0% to 7.25%
- The change in the long-term assumed rate of return combined with the change in the single discount rate was the primary reason for the increase in the Net Pension Liability

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized the following:

•	_	
Year Ended August 31, 2019 pension expense		\$ 183,369
Revenue for support provided by the State		\$ 103,257

At August 31, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defe	rred Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows	
		Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experiences	\$	2,848	\$	11,210	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		164,725		5,148	
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings				8,669	
Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions					
and the proportionate share of contributions		102,780		6,491	
Total as of August 31, 2018 measurement date	\$	270,353	\$	31,518	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		29,735			
Total as of fiscal year-end	\$	300,088	\$	31,518	

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
Fiscal year ended August 31,	Expense Amoun
2020	\$ 64,29
2021	46,058
2022	40,233
2023	37,35
2024	33,560
Thereafter	17,323

X. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and require supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to the TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512)-542-6592.

Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee. Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependent enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for a retiree with and without Medicare coverage.

TRS-Care Monthly Premiums for Retirees January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2018								
Medicare Non-Medicare								
Retiree*	\$135	\$200						
Retiree and Spouse	529	689						
Retiree* and Children	468	408						
Retiree and Family	1020	999						

^{*}or surviving spouse

Contribution

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to charge based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

	Contribution Rates				
	<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		
Member	0.65%		0.65%		
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%		1.25%		
Employers	0.75%		0.75%		
Federal/Private Funding Remitted by Employers	1.25%		1.25%		
Current fiscal year employer contributions		\$	9,002		
Current fiscal year member contributions		\$	7,228		
2018 measurement year NECE on-behalf contributions		\$	13,702		

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS-Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$182.6 million in fiscal year 2018. House Bill 30 provided an additional \$212 million in one-time, supplemental funding for the FY2018-19 biennium to continue to support the program. This was also received in FY2018 bringing the total appropriations received in fiscal year 2018 to \$394.6 million.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2018. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Rates of Mortality General Inflation
Rates of Retirement Wage Inflation

Rates of Termination Expected Payroll Growth

Rates of Disability Incidence

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2017 rolled forward to

August 31, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single Discount Rate 3.69%. Sourced from fixed income

municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federal taxexempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year

Municipal GO AA Index" as of

August 31,2018.

Aging Factors

Based on plan specific experience

Expenses

Third-party administrative expense

Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health car benefits are included in the age-

adjusted claims costs.

Payroll Growth Rate 2.50%

Projected Salary Increases 3.50% to 9.50%, including inflation

Healthcare Trend Rates 4.50% to 12.00%

Election Rates Normal Retirement: 70%

participation prior to age 65 and 75% participation after age 65

Ad-hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes None

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.69% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of .27 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. The Discount Rate can be found in the 2018 TRS CAFR on page 71. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at a statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.69%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (2.69%)	Discount Rate (3.69%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (4.69%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability		\$ 663,567	\$ 563,651

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

	1%	Decrease	Current althcare Cost Crend Rate	19	√ Increase
Proportionate share of net OPEB					
liability	\$	551,103	\$ 663,567	\$	811,685

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$2,007,494 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 663,567
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 993,129
Total	\$ 1,656,696

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and rolled forward to August 31, 2018 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 thru August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2019 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.0026061920% which was similar to the proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or the other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- Adjustments were made for retirees that were know to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year 2018. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.42% as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69% as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability \$2.3 billion.
- Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date: The 85th Legislature, Regular Session, passed the following statutory changes in House Bill 3976 which became effective on September 1, 2017:
 - Created a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare
 - Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare pre3scription drug plan for all Medicare-eligible participants
 - Allowed the System to provide other, appropriate health benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare
 - Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependent to enroll in TRS- Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting for the next enrollment period
 - Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan Years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$200 per month toward their health insurance premiums

For the year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$176,171 and revenue of \$62,554 for support proved by the State.

At August 31, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

]	Deferred		
	Ou	utflows of	Defe	rred Inflows
	R	esources	of I	Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences	\$	35,213	\$	10,472
Changes in actuarial assumptions		11,073		199,364
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		116		•
Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the				
proportionate share of contributions		3		92,189
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		9,002		
Total as of fiscal year-end	\$	55,407	\$	302,025

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPE	B Expense
Fiscal year ended August 31,	A	mount
2020	\$	(37,584)
2021		(37,584)
2022		(37,584)
2023		(37,607)
2024		(37,620)
Thereafter		(67,641)

AA. TAX ABATEMENT

On October 19, 2015, the Paint Creek ISD Board of Trustees approved an Agreement with OCI Alamo 7 LLC for a Limitation On Appraised Value of Property for School District Maintenance and Operations Taxes pursuant to the Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, i.e., the Texas Economic Development Act, as set forth in Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, as amended. OCI Alamo 7 LLC qualified for a tax limitation agreement under Texas Tax Code §313.024(b)(5), as a renewable energy electric generation project.

Value limitation agreements are a part of a state program, originally created in 2001 which allows school districts to limit the taxable value of an approved project for Maintenance and Operations (M&O) for a period of years specified in statute. The project(s) under the Chapter 313 agreement must be consistent with the state's goal to "encourage large scale capital investments in this state." Chapter 313 of the Tax Code grants eligibility to companies engaged in manufacturing, research and development, renewable electric energy production, clean coal projects, nuclear power generation and data centers.

In order to qualify for a value limitation agreement, each applicant, including OCI Alamo 7 LLC has been required to meet a series of capital investment, job creation, and wage requirements specified by state law. At the time of the application's approval, the agreement was found to have done so by both the District's Board of Trustees and the Texas Comptroller's Office, which recommended approval of the project. The application, the agreements and state reporting requirement documentation can be viewed at the Texas Comptroller's website. The agreement and all supporting documentation was assigned Texas Comptroller Application No. 1056.

For fiscal year 2019, which is year 3 of the agreement, the M&O tax rate was \$1.04 per \$ 100 and such property was valued at \$152,755,100 without considering the limit, and \$20,000,000 with the limit. The District thus forgoes collecting \$1,384,881 in M&O tax revenue. In addition to the tax abatement, OCI Alamo 7 LLC paid supplemental payments to the district in the amount of \$207,506.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control		Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget		
Codes	Original Final					Positive or (Negative)			
REVENUES:									
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	1,572,351	\$	1,730,748	\$	1,849,962	\$	119,214	
5800 State Program Revenues		185,968		185,968		228,355		42,387	
5900 Federal Program Revenues		600		74,400		74,514		114	
Total Revenues		1,758,919		1,991,116		2,152,831		161,715	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
0011 Instruction		844,555		854,555		843,213		11,342	
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services		28,935		28,935		16,221		12,714	
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		7,184		7,884		6,400		1,484	
0023 School Leadership		102,894		104,894		100,214		4,680	
0031 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		42,920		45,420		43,665		1,755	
0033 Health Services		6,277		6,777		6,090		687	
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation		64,816		122,581		116,605		5,976	
0035 Food Services		3,034		3,034		2,662		372	
0036 Extracurricular Activities		74,264		77,664		60,357		17,307	
0041 General Administration		281,245		354,545		275,420		79,125	
OD51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		299,966		324,966		233,322		91,644	
O052 Security and Monitoring Services		2,000		3,000		1,339		1,661	
O053 Data Processing Services		49,515		54,665		52,589		2,076	
Debt Service:									
OO71 Principal on Long-Term Debt		131,120		142,920		123,098		19,822	
OO72 Interest on Long-Term Debt		44,643		51,143		43,929		7,214	
Intergovernmental:									
0091 Contracted Instructional Services Between School	ls	307,154		335,000		138,929		196,071	
Ologa Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of		35,000		35,000		34,856		144	
Other Intergovernmental Charges		76,000		76,000		55,475		20,525	
Total Expenditures		2,401,522		2,628,983	·	2,154,384		474,599	
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)		(642,603)		(637,867)		(1,553)		636,314	
Expenditures									
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				55 7/6		55765			
7913 Capital Leases		(24.076)		55,765		55,765		10 212	
8911 Transfers Out (Use)	_	(34,076)		(37,076)	-	(26,764)		10,312	
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(34,076)		18,689		29,001	-	10,312	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		(676,679)		(619,178)		27,448		646,626	
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		2,482,590		2,482,590		2,482,590	_	**	
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	1,805,911	\$	1,863,412	\$	2,510,038	\$	646,626	

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	F	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	_P	FY 2018 lan Year 2017	P	FY 2017 lan Year 2016
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.000830042%		0.000851463%		0.0006609%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	456,875	\$	272,252	\$	249,751
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		1,043,280		642,404		767,755
Total	\$	1,500,155	\$	914,656	\$	1,017,506
District's Covered Payroll	\$	1,143,160	\$	1,134,427	\$	1,026,926
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		39.97%		24.00%		24.32%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		73.74%		82.17%		78.00%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for 2015.

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138, only five years of data are presented this reporting period. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

Pl	FY 2016 an Year 2015	FY 2015 Plan Year 201		
	0.0007127%		0.0002326%	
\$	251,930	\$	62,131	
	737,546		592,971	
\$	989,476	\$	655,102	
\$	1,000,538	\$	904,092	
	25.18%		6.87%	
	78.43%		83.25%	

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019

	-	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	29,735 \$	27,818 \$	27,906
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(29,735)	(27,818)	(27,906)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	- \$	\$	3
District's Covered Payroll	\$	1,113,243 \$	1,143,160 \$	1,134,426
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		2.67%	2.43%	2.46%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding years.

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138, the years of data presented this reporting period are those for which data is available. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

 2016		2015	
\$ 20,999	\$	21,104	
(20,999)		(21,104)	
\$ 	\$		
\$ 1,026,926	\$	1,000,538	
2.04%		2.11%	

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Pl	FY 2019 an Year 2018	_P	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits		0.001328971%		0.001497015%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	663,567	\$	650,996
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		993,129		904,335
Total	\$	1,656,696	\$ =	1,555,331
District's Covered Payroll	\$	1,656,696	\$	1,134,427
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		58.05%		57.39%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		1.57%		0.91%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. Therefore the amounts reported for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2018. The amounts for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019

	2019	2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 9,002 \$	9,142
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(9,002)	(9,142)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ ~O- \$	-0-
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 1,113,243 \$	1,143,160
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.81%	0.80%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

A. Notes to Schedules for the TRS Pension / OPEB Plan

Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions

There were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

- The Total Pension Liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017
- Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, terminat rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017
- Economic assumption including rates of salary increase for individual participant was updated based on the same experience study
- The discount rate changed from 8.0% as of August 31, 2017 to 6.097% as of August 31, 2018
- The long-term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0% to 7.25%
- The change in the long-term assumed rate of return combined with the change in the single discount rate was the primary reason for the increase in the Net Pension Liability

B. Notes to Schedules for the TRS OPEB Plan

Changes in Benefit

Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date: The 85th Legislature, Regular Session, passed the following statutory changes in House Bill 3976 which became effective on September 1, 2017:

- Created a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare
- Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare pre3scription drug plan for all Medicare eligible participants
- Allowed the System to provide other, appropriate health benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare
- Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependent to enroll in TRS- Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting for the next enrollment period
- Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan Years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$200 per month toward their health insurance premiums

Changes in Assumptions

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year 2018. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

• The discount rate was changed from 3.42% as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69% as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability \$2.3 billion.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements; and changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – COMBINING SCHEDULES

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

			211		240	2	244		255
Data		ES	EA I, A	N	lational	Care	eer and	ESI	EA II,A
Contro		Im	proving	Brea	akfast and	Tech	nnical -	Train	ning and
Codes		Basic	Program	Lunc	h Program	Basi	c Grant	Red	cruiting
	ASSETS								
1240	Due from Other Governments	\$	9,283	\$	5,296	\$	-	\$	196
1260	Due from Other Funds				587		S#3		·
1000	Total Assets	\$	9,283	\$	5,883	\$		\$	196
I	LIABILITIES								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$		\$	325	\$	846	\$	2
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		3,330		3,341		-		177
2170	Due to Other Funds		5,588		-		3€0		-
2200	Accrued Expenditures		365		73		120		19
2000	Total Liabilities		9,283	. —	3,739		-		196
F	FUND BALANCES								
	Restricted Fund Balance:								
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction				2,144		2		2
3000	Total Fund Balances	-	*		2,144		審	. =	¥
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	9,283	\$	5,883	\$	•	\$	196

	270		289		410		Total		699		Total
ESEA	A VI, Pt B			5	State	N	onmajor	C	apital	No	onmajor
Rura	al & Low	Ti	tle IV	Instr	uctional	5	Special	Pr	ojects	Gov	ernmental
Ir	ncome	P	art A	Ma	terials	Reve	enue Funds	F	fund]	Funds
\$	1,067	\$	228	\$	667	\$	16,737	\$	sa.	\$	16,737
	=		-				587		ä		587
\$	1,067	\$	228	\$	667	\$	17,324	\$		\$	17,324
\$		\$	9 5	\$	667	\$	992	\$		\$	992
	2		-		-		6,848		<u>#</u>		6,848
	1,067		228		(**		6,883		Ē		6,883
			÷ , 10 00		300		457		i 		457
	1,067		228	2	667	-	15,180		π		15,180
	195		#1		:: - :		2,144		×		2,144
	(*	-	90	==	(#)	-	2,144		Ħ		2,144
\$	1,067	\$	228	\$	667	\$	17,324	\$	-	\$	17,324

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

		211	240	244	255
Data	ES	EA I, A	National	Career and	ESEA II,A
Control	Im	proving	Breakfast and	Technical -	Training and
Codes	Basic	Program	Lunch Program	Basic Grant	Recruiting
REVENUES:					
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	ঃ ল ;	\$ 8,548	\$	\$ =
5800 State Program Revenues		8.50	481		
5900 Federal Program Revenues		44,300	94,729	434	6,913
5020 Total Revenues	-	44,300	103,758	434	6,913
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:		44.200		42.4	(012
0011 Instruction		44,300		434	6,913
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		(#) can	100 270	•	
0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities		(#) SSS	128,378		
		25	s		
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0052 Security and Monitoring Services		1576 1525	= = =		
Capital Outlay:					
1		122			
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	44.000	120.270		(012
Total Expenditures		44,300	128,378	434	6,913
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		F = 2	(24,620))	~
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
7915 Transfers In		3 3	26,764	#E	=
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	·	(2)	2,144		
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		3963			<u> </u>
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	5 3	\$ 2,144	\$ -	\$ -

270	289	410	Total	699	Total
ESEA VI, Pt B		State	Nonmajor	Capital	Nonmajor
Rural & Low	Title IV	Instructional	Special	Projects	Governmental
Income	Part A	Materials	Revenue Funds	Fund	Funds
\$ = \$	S :	\$ =	\$ 8,548	\$ 4,921	\$ 13,469
발	· ·	2,875	3,356	-	3,356
20,567	10,226	-	177,169	*	177,169
20,567	10,226	2,875	189,073	4,921	193,994
13,053	4,334	2,875	71,909	_	71,909
614	*,55	=,070	614	-	614
	:=:	*	128,378	=	128,378
×	(⊕)	=	:=);	14,161	14,161
-	(#)	*	(#)6	63,393	63,393
6,900	5,892	=	12,792	₩.	12,792
	4	ä	14.0	223,693	223,693
20,567	10,226	2,875	213,693	301,247	514,940
皇		¥	(24,620)	(296,326)	(320,946)
¥	140	2	26,764	-	26,764
*	78	-	2,144	(296,326)	(294,182)
<u> </u>	*	2	(a)	296,326	296,326
\$ - \$	S	\$ -	\$ 2,144	\$ -	\$ 2,144

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

		ALANCE TEMBER 1						ALANCE GUST 31
		2018	ΑI	DITIONS	DE.	DUCTIONS		2019
STUDENT ACTIVITY ACCOUNTS								
Assets:								
Cash and Temporary Investments	\$	31,436	\$	33,308	\$	32,183	\$	32,561
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	<u> </u>	\$	1,145	\$	<u>(e</u>	\$	1,145
Due to Student Groups		31,436		32,163	_	32,183	-	31,416
Total Liabilities	\$	31,436	\$	33,308	\$	32,183	\$	32,561
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS Assets:	.1	-	-		8		-	
Cash and Temporary Investments	\$	31,436	\$	33,308	\$	32,183	\$	32,561
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	ш.	\$	1,145	\$	845	\$	1,145
Due to Student Groups		31,436		32,163		32,183		31,416
Total Liabilities	\$	31,436	\$	33,308	\$	32,183	\$	32,561

REQUIRED TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY SCHEDULES

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

ast 10 Years Ended	(1) Tax I	(1) (2) Tax Rates			
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Value for School Tax Purposes		
010 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various		
011	1.170000	0.000000	36,634,440		
012	1.170000	0.000000	34,377,239		
013	1.162000	0.000000	40,549,550		
014	1.162000	0.000000	54,077,887		
15	1.040000	0.000000	101,475,864		
016	1.170000	0.000000	142,150,580		
017	1.042400	0.000000	220,368,984		
018	1.040000	0.220000	170,852,712		
(School year under audit)	1.040000	0.220000	147,296,349		
000 TOTALS					

\$280,458,009 is the assessed valuation for debt service purposes. The assessed valudation for maintenance and operations includes a valuation limitation agreement under Section 313 of the Texas Economic Development Act. The value limitation agreement resulted in a tax abatement of \$1,384,881.

=	(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2018	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2019
\$	11,296	\$	\$ 82	\$ -	\$ (123)	\$ 11,091
	2,024	2	6	-	î ≡ î	2,018
	726	:•<		·•	: = X	726
	2,647	.	12	9	9	2,635
	3,064	: ≡)	38	æ.		3,026
	2,371	•	218	*	3 6	2,153
	3,195	(=)	324		i≓c	2,871
	4,595	.	35,601		34,136	3,130
	10,562	湯	3,799	805	(220)	5,738
	•	2,148,890	1,513,757	613,173	¥.	21,960
\$	40,480	\$ 2,148,890	\$ 1,553,837	\$ 613,978	\$ 33,793	\$ 55,348

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control		Budgeted	Amoi	unts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Fir	riance With nal Budget ositive or
Codes	(Original		Final		-	Negative)
REVENUES:							
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	6,500	\$	6,500	\$ 8,548	\$	2,048
5800 State Program Revenues		500		500	481		(19)
5900 Federal Program Revenues	-	82,500		82,500	94,729		12,229
5020 Total Revenues		89,500		89,500	103,758		14,258
EXPENDITURES: Current:	8====				=======================================	3:	
0035 Food Services		123,576		126,576	128,378		(1,802)
Total Expenditures		123,576		126,576	128,378		(1,802)
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(34,076)		(37,076)	(24,620)		12,456
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
7915 Transfers In				37,076	26,764	_	(10,312)
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		(34,076)		ŝ	2,144		2,144
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	:=	*		*	*	:	X 4)
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	(34,076)	\$	-	\$ 2,144	\$	2,144

PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control		Budgeted	Amount	rs	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Fin	iance With al Budget ositive or
Codes	-	Original		Final		-	Vegative)
REVENUES:							
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	596,858	\$	596,858		\$	28,085
5800 State Program Revenues		- 8			466		466
Total Revenues		596,858		596,858	625,409		28,551
EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:						-	
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt		445,000		445,000	445,000		18
0072 Interest on Long-Term Debt		90,250		90,250	90,450		(200)
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		300		300	220		80
Total Expenditures		535,550		535,550	535,670		(120)
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		61,308		61,308	89,739		28,431
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		27,043	-	27,043	27,043		9.5
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	88,351	\$	88,351	\$ 116,782	\$	28,431



James E. Rodgers and Company, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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Member of Texas Society of CPA's and American Institute of CPA's

Richard E. Rodgers CPA • Gerald L. Rodgers CPA

November 18, 2019

Government Auditing Standards Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees Paint Creek Independent School District Haskell, Texas 79521

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Paint Creek Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Paint Creek Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Paint Creek Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Paint Creek Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Paint Creek Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



James E. Rodgers and Company, P.C.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Paint Creek Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

James E. Rodgers and Company, P.C.

James E. Rodges + Company



PAINT CREEK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT 4485 FM 600 Haskell, TX 79521

Cheryl Floyd, Ed.D. Superintendent Phone 940-864-2868 Ken Wallace Príncipal Fax 940-864-8038

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

I. Sumi	mary of Auditor Results:	
1	Type of report issued on the financial statements:	Unmodified
2. a.	Significant deficiencies in internal control:	None
b.	Significant deficiencies that were material weaknesses:	None
3.	Noncompliance, which is material to financial statements:	None

	II. Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are Required To Be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS):							
Finding 2019-001: No current year finding								
a.	Condition:	Not applicable						
b.	Criteria:	Not applicable						
c.	Cause:	Not applicable						
d.	Effect:	Not applicable						
e.	Recommendation:	Not applicable						
f.	District Response:	Not applicable						